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STATISTICS **RESOURCE** SOUTHERN REGION FOR THE AS OF BASIC

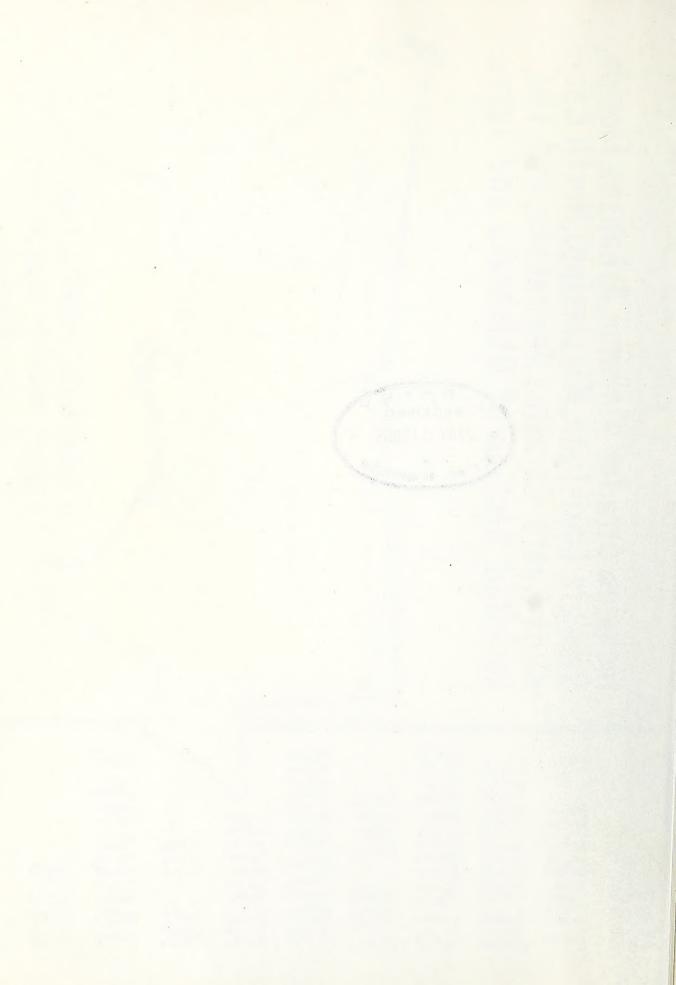
Includes data for Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, olina, South Carolina, Tennessee, and the Forested Section of Oklahoma and Texas Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Car-ALA. MISS ARK. A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY. THE OKLA.

FOREST SERVICE-REGION 8

J.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

ANUARY

Headquarters - Atlanta, Georgia



American public. This factual review represents the most comprehensive survey of the timber situation ever undertaken by the United States Forest Service. In this undertaking, the Forest Service received The nationwide review of the timber resource has been completed and widely distributed to inform the invaluable assistance from other federal agencies, state, industrial, and private organizations. Appreciation of this timely assistance is acknowledged again at this time.

South. As an aid to persons interested in the South, the more important statistics have been extracted from Chapter IX of the review draft of the national TIMBER RESOURCE REVIEW and published herein for been desirable to tabulate all data on a state basis, in some instances that was not permissible within allowable units of error. In such instances, data are presented on a regional basis. It is reasonable to assume that trends by regions are indicative for the states. Significant facts regarding each table for the continental United States. These data are assembled for ready reference. While it would have The growing, harvesting and manufacturing of timber products have become important enterprises in the eleven individual states, North Carolina to Texas, for the southern region of the Forest Service, and are noted on the page opposite.

is either unintentional or explained in footnotes for the table concerned. Explanation of terms and All of these extracted data are from the national TIMBER RESOURCE REVIEW statistics. Any deviation classifications used in the review have been provided as a convenient reference. Additional information, if desired, may be obtained from the Regional Forester in Atlanta, Georgia, or in your state, from the Forest Supervisor or District Ranger, U. S. Forest Service; or State Forester or District Forester, State Forest Service.

Regional Forester

# REGION 8 TIMBER RESOURCE REVIEW DATA

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The Southern Region has 178 million acres or 36.8 percent of commercial forest area out of a total of 484 million acres in the United States, (excluding coastal Alaska). Commercial forest area covers 58.6 percent of the total land area in the Southern Region, as compared to 25.4 percent nationwide. Another 1.1 percent of the land area in Region 8 is classified as noncommercial forest land, compared with 8.6 percent in the Continental United States. The State of Georgia leads other southern states with nearly two-thirds of the land area in commercial forest land, while Tennessee has less than one-half of the total area in commercial forests.

Table 1 -Land Area by Major Classes of Land, in the States of the Southern Region and the United States, January 1, 1923

h Continental 8) United States		1799	, 34.0 03 484,340	30 163,346		411,	5 21.6 25 693,246	36.4
South (Region 8)	303,710	181,433	178,003	58.6	1.1	59,244	35,425	27,608
Texas (East) 4/	18,643	11,708	11,703	62.8	/5	1,923	3,787	20.3
Tennessee	26,750	12,558	12,301	46.0	6.0	7,064	4,513	16.9 2,615 9.8
South	19,395	11,943	11,891	61.3	0,3	4,892	786	5.0
Oklahoma (East) 4/	9,798	6,027	5,257	770	7.9	1,270	1,828	18.7
North Carolina	31,422	19,513	18,976	537	1.7	996,9	1,790	5.7 3,153 10.0
Mississippi	30,239	16,473	16,440	33	0,1	7,368	3,884	2,514
Louisiana	28,904	15,990	15,899	9.20	0,3	3,854	3,956	5,104
Georgia	37,429	24,057	23,969	888	0,2	9,214	2,458	1,700
Florida	34,728 11,4	23,047	21,519	1,528	4.4	2,388	4,863	4,430
Arkansas	33,712	19,346	19,292	54	0.2	7,182	4,057	3,127
Alabama	32,690 10,8	20,771	20,756	15	2/	7,123	3,305	1,491
Unit	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousan	ы	Thousand Acres d	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres
Item	Land Area 1/ Total area Ratio:state area to Region 8 area	Forest land Total area Ratio:forest area to total land area	Commercial forest land Total area Ratio:commercial forest area to	Noncommercial forest land Total area Ratic:noncommercial forest area	to total land area	Cropland in farms 2/ Total area Ratio:cropland area to total land area	Pasture 1/ Total area Ratio;pasture area to total land area	Other 3/ Total area Ratio:other area to total land area

1/ Source: 1950 Bureau of Census.
2/ Source: 1950 Census of Agriculture
3/ Farmsteads, roads, power lines, urban, etc..
4/ Forested section only.
5/ Less than 0.05 percent.

percent of the total private commercial forest area. Wood industries, including pulp, lumber and other Private ownerships comprise 91.5 percent of the total commercial forest area in the region as compared to 74 percent nationwide. Farm owners represent the largest portion of the private holdings with 45.7 wood using industries, own 18.1 percent of the private forests. Lumber manufacturers lead with ownership of 10 percent of the area. Another 27.7 percent is owned by other private owners.

land area). Another 2.1 percent is in other Federal ownerships. State, county and municipal owner-Southern National Forests include 5.1 percent of the region's commercial forest (3 percent of total Public ownership totals 8.5 percent in the Southern Region compared to 26 percent in the nation. ships represent the remaining 1.3 percent of public ownerships. In the Continental United States, 16.8 percent of the nation's commercial timberlands are in national forests.

Table 2 - Total Land Area and Ownership of Commercial Forest Area in the States of the Southern Region, and the United States, January 1, 1952

Item	Unit	Alabama	Arkansas	Florida	Georgia	Louisiana	Mississippi	North	Oklahoma (East) 1/	South	Tennessee	Texas (East)1/	South (Region 8)	Continental United States
Total land area Commercial forest area Ratio-commercial forest area to total land area	Thousand Acres Thousand Acres	32,690 20,756 63.5	33,712 19,292 57.2	34,728 21,519 62.0	37,429 23,969 64.0	28,904 15,899 55.0	30,239 16,440 54.4	31,422 18,976 60.4	9,798	19,395 11,891 61,3	26,750 12,301 46.0	18,643 11,703 62.8	303,710 178,003 58.6	1,903,824,484,340
Commercial forest area by ownership														
Federal Total area Ratio-Federal to total commercial forest area	Thousand Acres	789	2,802	1,813	1,557	667	1,245	1,304	270	763 6.4	833	736	12,779	98,874 20.4
National forest land Total area	Thousand Acres	4179	2,326	1,035	641	536	1,036	666	180	524	999	929	9,112	81,314
Ratio-national forest to total commercial forest area	84	3.0	12.0	8.4	2.7	3.4	6.3	5.3	3.4	4.4	9*4	5.6	5.1	16.8
Other federal land Total area	Thousand Acres	175	924	778	916	131	509	305	06	239	267	81	3,667	17,560
Ratio-other federal ;and to total commercial forest area	84	8.0	2.5	3.6	3.8	0.8	1.3	1.6	1.7	2.0	2,2	7.0	2.1	3.6
State, county and municipal Total area	Thousand Acres	177	108	438	125	181	673	279	42	153	339	31	2,383	27,216
Ratio-state county and municipal to total commercial forest area	68	6.0	9*0	2.0	0.5	1.1	2.9	1.5	1.5	1,3	2.7	0,3	1.3	5.6
Frivate Total area Ratio-private to total commercial forest area	Thousand Acres	19,790	16,382	19,268	22,287	15,051	14,722	17,393	4,908	10,975	11,129	10,936	162,841 91.5	358,250
Farm Total area Ratio-farm to total commercial forest area	Thousand Acres	8,114,39,1	6,733	8,905	15,854	3,160	6,958	13,590	1,700*	7,530	6,126	2,625#	81,295	165,217
Lumber manufacturer 3/ Total area	Thousand Acres	2,313	3,230	1,027*	1,462*	2,815	1,123*	1,317	776	585	711*	2,321	17,848	34,687
Matlo-lumber m <u>anulacturer</u> to total commercial forest area	₩.	11.11	16.7	4.8	6.1	17.7	6.8	6*9	18.0	6*4	5.8	19,8	10.0	7.2
Pulp manufacturer 3/ Total area	Thousand Acres	685	752	3,006	2,117	1,143	1,106*	1,101	•	196	2/	727	11,604	23,276
hatio-pulp manifacturer to total commercial forest area	86	6,	3.9	14.0	8	7.2	6.7	5.8	٠	8,2	2/	6.2	6.5	4.8
Other wood using industries 3/ Total area	Thousand Acres	* 077	136 *	336 *	*/99	323*	373*	166*	•	144*	377*	75*	2,737*	677.77
nationofiler wood using industries to covar commercial forest area	84	2.0	2.0	1,6	2,8	2.0	2,3	6.0	:	1,2	3.1	2.0	1.6	6*0
Other private Total area carret to total communications	Thousand Acres	8,538	5,531	5,994	2,187	7,610	5,162	1,219	2,264*	1,749	3,915	5,188	49,357	130,651
forest area	ъę	41,1	28.7	27.8	9,1	47.9	31.4	4,0	4,3.1	14.7	31.8	44.3	27.7	27.0

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Porested section only, Included in Lubber to avoid possible disclosure, Induced in Lubber to avoid possible disclosure, The same in Lubber in Lubber and other wood using industries exceeds the sampling error for this breakdown by states for lumber manufacturers, pulp manufacturers and other wood using industries. TRR for wood using industries which is a combination of lumber manufacturers, pulp manufacturers and other wood using industries. Sampling area estimated to equal or exceed 25 percent.

by one and one-quarter million farm owners, as contrasted to 165 million acres and three and one-third private owners. Together, farm and other private owners control 73.4 percent of the commercial forest Over 81 million acres or nearly one-half of the commercial forest land in the Southern Region is owned million farm owners nationwide. Another forty-nine and one-third million acres are owned by other area in the region. The remainder of the private commercial forest land or 32 million acres is owned by nearly 11 thousand lumber, pulp and other wood-using industries. The lumber manufacturers lead with nearly 18 million acres of commercial forest land.

Combined private interests own almost 163 million acres or 91.5 percent of the 178 million acres of commercial forest land in the region.

Table 3 - Private Commercial Porest Area, by Type of Ownership, in the States of the Southern Region, and the United States, January 1, 1952

Continental United States	484,340	356,230 165,217 3,382,502 34.1	34,687	23,276 34 4,08	4,9419 0,99	130,651	358,250 4,510,441 74,0
South (Region 8)	178,003	81,295 1,240,488 45,7	17,848 9,914 10.00	11,604	2,737* 966* 1.6	49,357 364,552 30.3	162,841 1,615,974 91.5
Texas East 1/	11,703	2,625#	2,321 2,048 19.8	727	578*	5,188 34,436 44.3 47.04	10,936 112,203 93.4
Tennessee	12,301	6,126	711.	તોતોતોત	377	3,915 24,657 31.8	
South	11,891	7,530	585	2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0	***************************************	1,749	10,975
Oklahoma East 1/	5,257	1,700*	944		0 0 0 0	2,264* 27,83 <b>6</b> * 43.1 46.1	4,908 69,293 93.4
North	18,976	13,590 222,110 71.6	1,317	1,101 8 5.8 6.3	166* 10 0.9 1.0	1,219	17,393 267,056 91.6
Mississippi	16,440	6,958 100,712 42.3	1,123*	1,106*	w 200 m	5,162 32,088 31.4 35.1	14,722 133,394 89.5
Louisiana	15,899	3,160 58,088 19,9	2,815 391 17.7 18.7	1,214,3	323* 11* 2.0 2.1	7,610 53,160 47.9 50.6	15,051 111,654 94.7
Georgia	23,969	15,854 172,314 66.1 71.1	1,462*	2,11,7 9 8.8 9.5	35.0 3.0 3.0	2,187 22,917* 9,1 9,8	22,287 196,665 93.0
Florida	21,519	8,905 52,821 41.4	1,027 286 4,8	3,005 10 14.0 15.6	336 1.66 1.86 1.88	5,994 40,181 27.8 31.1	19,268 93,583 89.6
Arkansas	19,292	6,733 123,184 34.9 41.1	3,230 750 16.7 19.7	33.50	136* 8* 0.7	5,531 37,013 28.7 33.8	16,382 160,957 84.9
Alabama	20,756	8,114 131,057 39.1 41.0	2,313 1,501 11.1 11.1	\$8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	14,0% 16* 0°.7	8,538 37,242 41.1 43.1	19,790 169,821 95.3
Unit	Thousand Acres Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres
<u>Item</u>	Total Commercial Forest Area Total Private Commercial Forest Area	Farm Area Number of Owners Number of Louis commercial forest land Ratio - Area to total private commercial forest land	Lumber Manufacturer 4/ Area Number of Owners Ratio - Area to total commercial forest land Ratio - Area to total private commercial forest land	Pulp Manufacturers \( \text{iii} \) Area Number of Owners Ratio - Area to total commercial forest land Ratio - Area to total private commercial forest land	Other Wood Using 1/ Area Number of Owners Ratio - Area to total commercial forest land Ratio - Area to total private commercial forest land	Other Private Area Number of Owners Ratio - Area to total commercial forest land Eatio - Area to total private commercial forest land	Area Area Types Area Volumers Number of Owners Ratio - Area to total commercial forest land

// Forested Section only,
// Included in lumber to avoid possible disclosure,
// Included in lumber to avoid possible disclosure,
// Included in lumber to avoid possible disclosure,
// Included in lumber in lumber in lumber manufacturers, pulp manufacturers and other wood using industries which is sampling error for this breakdown by states for lumber manufacturers, pulp manufacturers and other wood using industries which is a combination of lumber manufacturers, pulp manufacturers and other wood using industries.
// Omitted to avoid possible disclosure,
// Omitted to avoid possible disclosure.

\* Sampling area estimated to equal or exceed 25 percent,

#### Small owners

nearly one and two-thirds million in number or 99.9 percent of the total private forest owners, in the in the Class 3 ownerships are owned by 314,904 owners with ownerships of 100-5,000 acres in commercial mercial forest land in the group. Nearly two-thirds or 72,482,000 acres out of the 115,869,000 acres land and 71 percent of the private commercial forest land in the Southern Region. These owners total region. Nearly one million owners fall in the 3 to 50 acres class, controlling one-fifth of the com-The Class 3 or small owner group own 115,869,000 acres or two-thirds of the total commercial forest

## Medium and large owners

Class 2 owners Class 1 and 2 private owners with commercial forest ownerships of 5,000 acres and over control 26.4 percent or nearly 47 million acres of the total commercial forest land in the region. Class 2 owner number 1,424, while Class 1 or large owners includes only 164 individual owners.

Table 4 - Private Commercial Forest Area by Size Classes, in the States of the Southern Region, and the United States, January 1, 1953

Georgia Louisiana Mississipp	23,969 15,899 16,440 22,287 15,051 14,722	17,234 8,170 11,468 196,448 111,476 133,292 71.9 51.4 69.7 77.3 54.3 77.9	2,398 1,640 1,744 105,400 71,584 73,113 10.0 10.3 10.6 10.7 10.9 11.9	2,649 1,347 2,078 40,360 20,395* 30,331 11,1 8.5 12,6 11,9 8.9 14.1	7,512 3,260 4,490 47,136 17,914* 27,500 31.3 20,5 27,3 33.7 21.7 30,5	4,675 1,923 3,156 3,52* 1,533* 2,348* 19,5 12.1 19,2 21,0 12.8 21.4	2,578 2,665 1,498 204 145 90 10.8 16.8 9.1 11.6 17.7 10.2	2,475 4,216 1,756 13 33 10,7 10,3 26,5 10,7 11,1 28,0 11,9	22,287 15,051 14,722 196,665 111,654 133,394 93.0 94.7 89,5
North Mississipp <u>i</u> Carolina	16,440 18,976 14,722 17,393	11,468 14,577 133,292 266,939 69.7 76.8 77.9 83.8	1,744 3,660 73,113 175,140 10.6 19.3 11.9 21.1	2,078 3,445 30,331 56,425 12,6 18,1 14.1 19.8	4,490 5,745 27,500 34,080× 27,3 30,3 30,3	3,156 1,727 2,348* 1,294* 19.2 9.1 21.4 9.9	1,498 1,269 90 108 9.1 6.7 10,2 7.3	1,756 1,547 12 9 10.7 8.1 11.9 8.9	14,722 17,393 133,394 267,056 89,5 91.6
Oklahoma (East)1/	5,257	3,734 69,258 71.0 76.1	1,378* 53,051 26.2 28.1	470* 6,657* 8.9 9.6	1,629* 9,261* 31.0	257* 289* 4.9 5.2	1,174, 35, 22.4	ଲାଲାଲାଲ	4,908 69,293 93.4
South Jarolina Tennessee	11,891 12,301 10,975 11,129	8,627 9,116 16,115 185,015 72,5 74,1 78,6 81,9	1,359 <b>2,6</b> 47 62,651 136,912 11.4 21.5 12.4 23.8	1,758 1,971 22,144 28,017 14.8 16.0 16.0 17.7	3,959 2,955 24,965 19,065 33,3 24.0 36.1 26.5	1,551 1,543 2,355* 1,021* 13.0 12.6 14.1 13.9	1,080 1,514 111 9.1 12.3 9.8 13.6	1,268 499 10,7 4,1 11,6 4,5	10,975 11,129 16,215 185,133 92,3 90,5
Texas South 5/ [East)]/ (Region 8)	11,703 178,003 10,936 162,841	6,938 115,869 12,128 1,614,386 59.3 65.1 63.5 71.1	1,284* 22,003 66,904 979,578 11.0 12.4 11.8 13.5	1,495* 21,384 22,700 319,904 12.8 12.0 13.7 13.1	3,219 47,271 21,804 290,771 27.5 26,5 29,4 29,0	940* 25,211 720* 24,133 8.0 14,2 8.6 15,5	922 20,607 59 11,424 7.8 11.6 8.4 12.7	3,076 26,365 16 164 26,3 14,8 28,1 16,2	10,936 162,841 112,203 1,615,974 93.4 91.5
Continental United States	484,340 358,250	265,264, 4,507,608 54.8 74.0	लेकिट	GORGO	97,873 586,427 20.2 27.3	46,378 46,334 9.6 12.9	34,669 2,526 7.2 9.7	58,317 307 12.0 16.3	358,250 4,510,441 74.0

Porested section only.

Zinchaded in the 5,000 to 50,000 acre size class in order to avoid possible disclosure of individual owners.

Zinchaded in the 5,000 to 50,000 acre size class in order 100 acres equals 1,374,841 in continental United States.

More and available except total acresse for holdings under 100 acres equals 1,374,841 in continental United States.

More not available except total area under 100 acres. Ratio to total commercial forest land in the ownership within the state.

More available except total area under 100 acres. Ratio to total commercial forest area - 25.0%.

Sampling area estimated to equal or exceed 25 percent.

The average private holding in the Southern Region covers 101 acres. The small or Class 3 owner averages 72 acres, as compared to 59 acres nationwide. The State of Florida has the largest average Class 3 holding with 103 acres, while Tennessee has the smallest average holding of 49 acres.

The large or Class 1 owner averages 160,762 acres, while the medium or Class 2 owner averages 14,471 acres.

Table 5 -Private Commercial Forest Land Area; By Size Class of Owner, and Number of Owners, and Average Size of Holding, in the States of the Southern Region, and the United States, 1952

Continental United States		358,250 4,510,441	58,317 307 189,958	34,669	265,264 4,507,608 59	~£~ ~£~	। लेजिल	97,873 586,427 167	46,378 46,334 1,001
South (Region 8)		162,841 1,615,974 101	26,365 164 160,762	20,607	115,869	22,003 979,578 22	21,384,319,904,67	47,271 290,771 163	25,211 24,133 1,045
Texas (East)		10,936	3,076 16 192,250	922 59	6,938 112,128 62	1,284*	1,495* 22,700 66	3,219 21,804 148	940* 720* 1,306
Tennessee		11,129	499	1,514	9,116	2,647	1,971 28,017 70	2,955 19,065 155	1,543 1,021* 1,511
South		10,975	1,268	1,080 91 11,868	8,627 116,115	1,359 62,651	1,758 26,144 67	3,959 24,965 159	1,551 2,355* 659
Oklahoma (East)		4,908 69,293 71	તોતોતો	1,174,35,543	3,734 69,258 54	1,378# 53,051 26	470* 6,657*	1,629* 9,261*	257* 289 <b>*</b> 889
North		17,393 267,056 65	1,547	1,269 108 17,500	14,577 266,939	3,660 175,140 21	3,445 56,425 61	5,745 34,080* 169	1,727
Mississippi		14,722	1,756	1,498 90 16,644	11,468 133,292 86	1,744 73,113	2,078 30,331 69	4,490 27,500 163	3,156 2,348* 1,344
Louisiana		15,051 111,654 135	4,216 33 127,758	2,665 145 18,379	8,170 111,476	1,640	1,347 20,395*	3,260 17,914*	1,923 1,583* 1,215
Georgia		22,287 196,665 113	2,475 13 190,385	2,578 204 12,637	17,234 196,448 88	2,398 105,400 23	2,649 40,360 66	7,512 47,136 159	4,675 3,552* 1,316
Florida		19,268 93,583 206	5,865 31 189,194	3,841 270 14,226	9,562 93,282 103	1,179 * 53,756	924* 13,439* 69	3,619 21,344* 170	3,840 4,743* 810
Arkansas		16,382 160,957 102	3,113	1,427	11,842 160,850	2,176 * 87,982 25	2,281* 36,318 63	4,714 32,830 144	2,671* 3,720* 718
Alabana		19,790 169,821 117	2,550 20 127,500	2,639 218 12,106	14,601 169,583 86	2,538 93,085 27	2,966 39,118 76	6,169	2,928 2,508* 1,167
Unit		Thousand Acres Acres	Thousand Acres Acres	Thousand Acres Acres	Thousand Acres Acres	Thousand Acres Acres	Thousand Acres Acres	Thousand Acres Acres	Thousand Acres Acres
<u>Item</u>	All private ownerships (Classes 1, 2 & 3) 1/	Total commercial forest area Number of owners Average size of holding	Class 1 (50,000 acres and larger) Total commercial forest area Number of owners Average size of holding	Class 2 (5000-50,000 acres) Total commercial forest area Number of owners Average size of holding	Class 3 - all small ownerships Total commercial forest area Number of owners Average size of holding	Class 3 (3-50 acres) Total commercial forest area Number of owners Average size of holding	Class 3 (50-100 acres) Total commercial forest area Number of owners Average size of holding	Class 3 (100-500 acres) Total commercial forest area Number of owners Average size of holding	Class 3 (500-5000 acres) Total commercial forest area Number of owners Average size of holding

If the determination of size class of ownership was based on the total commercial forest land in the ownership in the state.
 Included in 5,000 to 50,000 are size class in order to avoid disclosure of individual owners.
 Data not available except total average for holdings under 100 acres equals 121,013,003,000 in Continental United States,
 Average size of holding is 31 acres for holdings under 100 acres equals 3,874,847 in Continental United States,
 Sampling area estimated to equal or exceed 25 percent,

4.4 percent or nearly seven and one-half million acres, as compared to 5.4 percent or nearly 25 million The area classified as commercial forest land in the Southern Region increased from 1945 to 1953 by acres nationwide.

through the inclusion of post oak land. Georgia shows an increase of 13.6 percent, followed by Alabama The greatest increase of 22 percent occurred in the forested section of the State of Oklahoma, in part and Texas with increases over 10 percent. Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi and South Carolina had slight decreases in commercial forest land area. Other southern states had small increases.

Variation in commercial forest acreage during the nine-year period is attributed to changes in land use and more accurate classification.

Table 6 - Total Land, and Change in Area Classified-4s Commercial Forest Land, from 1945 to 1953, in the States of the Southern Region, and the United States

Alabama 32,690 Arkansas 33,712 Florida 34,728 Georgia 37,429 Louisiana 28,904 Mississippi 20,239 North Carolina 31,422 Oklahoma (East) 2/ 9,798 South Carolina 19,395 Tennessee 26,750 Texas (East) 2/ 18,643 Total Region 8 303,710	.	Acres .	Downstan	7 7 7					
9 1 2 1 8		1953	During Period Increase Decrease	bQ	of Region 6 Forest 1945	of Region 8 Commercial Forest Area 1945 1953	% o % o	of Unite lercial	% of United States Commercial Forest Area 1945 1953
30 1 2 2 1		20,756	10.4		11.0	71.7			
90 7 7 7		19,292		3 0		1		7.4	4.3
3	21,451 3/		0.3		1.11	10.01		4.3	0*4
	21,107	23,969	13,6		10.1	12 5		7.4	4.4
	16,169	15,899		1.7	1 0	C 0 0		9*47	5.0
	77 605 97	16,440		17"0	6.0	000		w .	50
30	17,997	18,976	5.4		1 01	7 (		0.0	3.4
26,395 26,750 18,643 303,710	4,308	5.257	22.0	0	TOFO	70.7		3.9	3.9
26,750 18,643 303,710	/7 006 [[	17 401	2	• (	7.5	2.9		6.0	1.1
18,643	H COLOR	140677	-	T.O	7.0	6.7		2.6	2,5
18,643	11,830	12,301	3.8		6°9	6.9		2.6	2,5
303,710	10,548	11,703	10.9		6.2	9"9		2,3	2.4
	170,567	178,003	4.4	:	100	100	(-1	37.1	36.8
lotal Continental United States 1,903,824	459,541	484,340	5.4						

1/ Source: 1950 Bureau of Census.
2/ Forested Section only.
2/ Forested Section only.
3/ Revised from 1947 Porest Durvey.
4/ Revised from 1947 Porest Survey.
5/ Variation in commercial forest land acreage during nine year period is attributed to changes in land use, and more accurate classification.

Net volume of growing stock in the Southern Region totals nearly one and one-half billion cords, which represents 21 percent of the net growing stock nationwide.

The volume of sawtimber material is nearly double the volume of poletimber material.

Hardwood volume exceeds softwood volume in the region by 10 percent. Softwood volume makes 44.7 percent percent of the softwood volume. The State of Florida ranks high with 72.6 percent of its growing stock of the total volume of growing stock in the region. Southern yellow pine species represent over 90 in softwood. Georgia has over 60 percent of its growing stock in softwood while South Carolina and Texas have over 50 percent. The bulk of the hardwood volume consists of gums, poplar and oak species. The State of Tennessee ranks highest with 86.2 percent hardwood volume. Next in order, the states of Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Oklahoma have over 65 percent of the total volume in hardwood species.

Table 7 - Net Volume of Growing Stock by Class of Material, and Softwoods and Hardwoods, and by Species Group, on Commercial Forest Land in the States of the Southern Region 37, January 1953

South (Region 8)	535.2 207.1 328.1	915°4 441°3 441°3	1,450.6	100	1.8 595.1 0.2 2.2 45.4 3.7	4.849	14.00	315,5 11,6 71,4 118,0 107,8 33,2 6,0 138,7	802,2	55.3
Texas (East)	29.8 11.1 18.7	72.2 40.4 31.8	102.0 51.5 50.5	7.0	100.05	51.5	3.5	24,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,	50.5	3.5
Tennessee	36.4. 5.0	48.3 6.7 41.6	84.7	5,0	00° 88'7	11.7	13,8	37.7 2.5 10.5 3.1 2.6 4 5.6 10.9	73.0	86.2
South	51.8 26.3 25.5	79.2 46.0 33.2	131.0	0°6	66.6 66.6 6.1 6.1 6.1	72.3	55.2	12.7 0.4 0.4 11.2 16.2 16.5 0.5	58.7	8.44
Oklahoma (East)	6,20	16.7	25.6	1.8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7.7	30.1	5.11 4.00 6.00 6.00 1.00	17.9	1.2
North	70.1 27.5 42.6	114.9 58.9 56.0	185.0 86.4 98.6	12,8	80°0 6°1 9°1 9°1 1°2	4.98	6.0	39.3 1.4 1.5.6 16.0 10.4 10.4 13.5	98.6	6.8
Mississippi	60.1 13.6 46.5	78.3 30.2 48.1	138.4 43.8 94.6	9°6	41.7	43.8	31.6	37.1 1.5 1.5 8.7 20.0 7.8 7.8 1.4 1.5	9.46	4.89
Louisiana	39.3 9.0 30.3	121.6 43.4 78.2	160.9 52.4 108.5	11,1	4.544 1.00	52.4	32.6	30 22 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	108.5	67°4 7.5
Georgia	69.4 39.8 29.6	105.1 67.6 37.5	174.5	12,0	0.4	107.4	61.5	21.7 0.3 10.5 10.5 10.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	67.1	38.5
Florida	55.6 37.4 18.2	\$8.3 45.3 13.0	113.9	7.9	17.7	82.7	72.6	0.1.0 0.1.0 0.1.4 0.0.4	31,2	27.4
Arkansas	56.3 13.6 42.7	112.4 44.0 68.4	168.7 57.6 111.1	11.6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	57.6	34.1	59.0 10.5 12.0 12.0 14.1 17.0	1,111	7.7
Alabama	57.5 21.6 35.9	108.4 53.3 55.1	165.9 74.9 91.0	11.4	73.5	6.4%	45.1	46.11.11.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.	0.16	54.9
Unit	Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords	Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords	Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords	×	Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords	Million Cords	96 96 96 00	Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords Million Cords	Million Cords	86 86 86
<u>Item</u>	Foletimber trees Total net volume Total net volume Hardwood	Sawtimber trees Total net volume Softwood Hardwood	Total net volume - poletimber and sawtimber trees Softwood Hardwood	Ratio state total net volume to total net volume in Region 8	By softwood species White pine and red ine Southern yellow pine Spruce and belsam fir Henlock Cypress Cypress Other softwoods	Total softwoods	Ratio softwoods to total net volume in state Ratio state softwoods to total net volume in Region 8 Ratio southern region softwoods to total net volume in United States	By hardwood species Oak Beech yellow birch and red maple Hickory Sweethy and Blackgum Theelo and Blackgum Yollow poplar Cottonwood and aspen Other hardwoods	Total hardwoods	Ratio hardwoods to total net volume in state Ratio state hardwoods to total net volume in Region 8 Ratio southern region hardwoods to total net volume in United States

Less than 0,05 million cords, 2/ Percent based on cubic foot comparison, 3/ Data for United States omitted because not available in cords,

The Southern Region has 327 billion board feet of sawtimber or 16.6 percent of the 1,968 billion board feet in the United States.

million board feet of shortleaf and loblolly pines. Hardwoods # make up 47 percent of sawtimber volume. In the region, softwood has 53 percent of the sawtimber volumes. Southern pine species contain the bulk of the softwood volume, including 36,638 million board feet of longleaf and slash pine and 114,258 The oaks, with 40 percent, and the gums with 29 percent, represent the bulk of the 154 million board feet of hardwood sawtimber volume in the region. Sawtimber volume per acre of all species in all stands in the region averages 1,835 board feet in contrast to 4,063 board feet per acre nationwide. Volume per acre of all species in sawtimber stands in the region averages 4,533 board feet, as compared to 9,907 board feet in the United States.

1/ Hardwood stands are characterized by a large over-burden of cull trees, many of them holdovers from previous cuttings. In the South alone, the net volume of hardwood cull trees exceeds one-third of the hardwood growing stock. This hardwood cull is not included in the hardwood sawtimber volume in Table 8.

Table 8 - Net Volume-Mor Live Savtimber in Savtimber. Stands, and the Stands, Separately, and by Species Group, Averge Volume Per Arre, and Net Volume of Salvable Dead Sawtimber in the States, January 1, 1953

4/ Includes 9 million board feet of dead chestnut. 5/ Includes 41 million board feet of dead chestnut.

]. Net volume in board feet log scale, International 1/4 - inch rule. 2/ querous alba and Querous prinus 3/ querous borealis, Querous falcata var. pagodaefolia, and Q. shumardii.

#### Sawtimber

board feet of sawtimber in the Southern Region, as compared to 1,080 billion board feet on private lands or 54.9 percent of the 1,968 billion board feet of sawtimber volume in the nation. Private commercial forest areas contain 295 billion board feet or 90.4 percent of the 327 billion

National forests in the region have 21 billion board feet or 6.4 percent in comparison to 683 billion ownerships have seven billion board feet or 2.0 percent of the total sawtimber volume in the region. board feet or 34.7 percent of the total sawtimber volume in the United States. Other federal

Roughly, another four billion board feet or 1.2 percent of the region's total sawtimber volume is located on state, county, and municipal ownerships.

#### Growing Stock

ownerships have 94 billion cubic feet or 91.1 percent of the region's 103 billion cubic feet compared 304 billion cubic feet in private lands or 60.9 percent of the nation's 498 billion cubic feet. The ownership of growing stock varies slightly from sawtimber in the Southern Region. Private

National forests have six billion cubic feet or 5.8 percent of the region's growing stock, in comparison to 146 billion cubic feet or 29.3 percent of the nation's growing stock. ownerships have two billion cubic feet or 1,9 percent of the region's total volume. Another 1,289 million cubic feet or 1,2 percent of the region's growing stock volume is located on state, county, and municipal ownerships.

Table 9 - Net Volume of Live Sawtimber, and Growing Stock, on Commercial Forest Land by Ownership Class, in the States of the Southern Region, and the United States, January 1, 1953

									distribution of the second	מונה מיוז הם	d States, Jan	January 1, 195	m1	
Item Net Volume Live Sawtimber by Ownership Class	Unit	Alabama	Arkansas	Florida	Georgia	Louisiana	Mississippi	North	Oklahoma (East)	South	Tennessee	Texas (East)	South (Region 8)	Continental United States
All Ownerships <u>Federal Ownerships</u>	Million Board Feet	38,211	38,317	23,032	36,920	41,436	25,789	44,152	5,580	32,299	15,350	25, 575	326 661	270 6
Net volume National Forests	Million Board Feet	1,793	5,513	2,121	3,965	1,096	3,036	3,123	768	1,930	1,665	2,925	27,635	811,760
Net volume Ratio-Wational Forests to total live sawtimber	Million Board Feet	1,512	4,9655	1,344	1,577	17.8	2,607	2,566	380	1,400	1,170	2,842	20,924	682.851
Other Federal Ownerships 2/ Net volume	Million Board East	0.4	12.5	, 00	4.3	2,1	10.1	5,8	8.9	4.3	7.6	11.11	7.9	34.7
Ratio-Other Federal Ownerships to total live sawtimber	100 pt 10	0.7	858	3.4	2,388	225	1.7	557	60	530	495	63	112,9	128,909
State, County and Municipal 2/ Net volume Ratio-State, County and Municipal	Million Board Feet	250	194	383	275	51.5	963	257	0 1	T.0	3,2	0°3	5.0	6.5
to total live sawtimber	જિ	7.0	0.5	1.7	0.7	1.2	3.7	1.1	7.7	278	426	24	3,858	76,052
ALL Frivate Ownerships Net volume Ratio-Frivate Ownerships to total	Million Board Feet	36,168	32,610	20,528	32,680	39,825	21,790	755 07	1 6	h.*0	ν, α	0.1	1.2	3.9
Net Volume Growing Stock by Comments.	₽€	9**/6	85.1	89.1	88,5	96.1	84.5	91.8	90.2	30°09I	13,259	22,626	295,168	1,079,977
All Ownerships	1										2	000	40.06	54.9
Federal Ownerships Net volume	Million Cubic Feet	11,713	11,762	8,152	12,692	11,199	9,628	13,642	1,780	9,613	5,770	7,247	103,198	498,439
National Forests Net volume	Million Cubic Feet	764	1,602	810	1,045	327	800	928	119	628	519	712	7,930	172,861
Ratio-Mational Forests to total net volume	Million Cubic Feet	404	1,340	525	797	266	199	708	66	472	350	879	5.963	0,50
Other Federal Ownerships 2/ Net volume	2	4.0	17°4	4.9	3.6	2,4	6°9	5.2	5.3	6.4	6.1	9.3	5,88	29.3
Ratio-Other Federal Ownerships to total net volume	Million Cubic Feet	80 6	262	285	581	61	139	168	24	156	169	34	1.967	26 003
State, County and Municipal 2/	2	0	2,00	w. ~	9*4	0.5	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.6	2.9	0.5	1.9	40° cos
Ratio-State, County and Municipal to total net volume	Million Cubic Feet	778	59	137	88	138	365	128	22	65	167	ν.	000	
All Private Ownerships Net volume	e.	0.7	5.0	1.7	V.0	1,2	3.8	6.0	1,2	1.0	2.9	0.1	1,28	21,912
Ratio-Private Ownerships to total net volume	ic Feet	11,137	10,101	7,205	11,559	10,734	8,463	12,638	1,639	8,890	5.08%	6 530		
	શ	95.1	85.9	88°7	91.1	62.6	87.9	92.7	92.1	92.5	88.1	90,1	91.1	303,666

Wet volume of live sawtimber in board feet log scale, International 1/4-inch rule, and of growing stock in cubic feet excluding bark.
2/ Because of different definitions of commercial forest land, different cruising standards, specifications, and log rules adopted by the Forest Service and other public agencies, volume estimates for these ownerships may vary from actual published figures of the public agencies concerned.

#### Sawtimber

Total live sawtimber cut in the Southern Region in 1952 amounted to 18 billion board feet or 37 percent of the 49 billion board feet cut nationwide.

for sawlogs or 67.2 percent of the region's cut, two billion board feet or 9.8 percent for pulpwood, one billion board feet or 5.3 percent for veneer logs and bolts, and three billion board feet or 17.7 percent for all other products. Selected products and volumes cut from sawtimber in the region consisted of 12 billion board feet

#### Growing Stock

The timber cut from growing stock in the Southern Region in 1952 totaled 4.6 billion cubic feet or 43.0 percent of the nation's total cut of 11 billion cubic feet from growing stock.

In the region selected products and volumes cut from growing stock consisted of 2.5 billion cubic feet for sawlogs or 54.0 percent of the region's cut, one billion cubic feet or 19.3 percent for pulpwood, 0.2 billion cubic feet or 4.1 percent for veneer logs and bolts, and one billion cubic feet or 22.6 percent for all other products. Table 10- Timber Cut From Live Sawtimber, and From Growing Stocks on Commercial Forest Land by Selected Products, and Softwoods and Hardwoods, and Hardwoods, In the States of the Southern Region, and the United States, 1952

	Continental United States	48,753,737 36,459,770 12,293,967	36,553,274 28,807,616 7,745,658	4,691,432 4,249,942 441,490	2,803,090 1,575,624 1,227,466	4,705,941 1,826,588 2,879,353		10,744,101 7,474,719 3,269,682	6,808,566 5,201,736 1,606,830	1,727,231 1,459,790 267,441	491,644	1,716,960 562,769 1,154,191		39,436,357 31,433,231 8,003,126	25,064,933 21,407,807 3,657,126	2,467,311	4,514,568 2,185,816 2,328,752
	South (Region 8)	18,038,530 10,855,125 7,183,405	12,119,549 8,093,182 4,026,367	1,773,781 1,567,252 206,529	951,313 41,041 910,272	3,193,887 1,153,650 2,040,237		4,625,273 2,807,322 1,817,951	2,498,904 1,641,096 857,808	890,922 793,229 97,693	191,364 8,914 182,450	1,044,083		12,824,665 8,860,397 3,964,268	13,597,307 12,116,941 1,480,366	685,805 36,059 649,746	2,021,589 879,139 1,142,450
	Texas (East)	1,546,406	1,129,394,938,696	106,918 97,537 9,381	87,251 3,112 84,139	222,843 110,978 111,865		368,243 274,568 93,675	220,891 179,736 41,155	74,565 70,319 4,246	15,962 592 15,370	56,825 23,921 32,904		1,153,000 965,000 188,000	1,152,212	60,690 3,043 57,647	130,774,80,835
	Tennessee	992,835 233,889 758,946	557,761 169,100 388,661	29,519 10,242 19,277	13,867 215 13,652	391,688 54,332 337,356		252,444 53,418 199,026	116,256 32,379 83,877	16,111 7,385 8,726	2,534 41 2,493	117,543 13,613 103,930		557,000 173,840 383,160	268,438 114,514 153,924	9,569	193,526 28,180 165,346
	South Carolina	1,410,637 952,658 457,979	977,097 693,274 283,823	208,566 191,207 17,359	140,197 3,638 136,559	84,777 64,539 20,238		380,165 261,598 118,567	207,477 148,398 59,079	85,388 76,253 9,135	30,317 843 29,474	56,983 36,104 20,879		1,084,001 805,196 278,805	1,309,326 1,151,245 158,081	104,643 3,081 101,562	156,235 92,730 63,505
ates, 1952 4	Oklahoma (East)	141,549 52,104 89,445	61,101 41,828 19,273	3,118	505	76,825 7,158 69,667		39,077 13,351 25,726	12,168 8,009 4,159	2,248	8:83	24,568 3,094 21,474		62,000 43,000 19,000	34,870 34,870	348	38,350 8,095 30,255
2	North Carolina	2,381,496 1,541,970 839,526	1,878,136 1,248,703 629,433	213,827 187,007 26,820	133,579 11,380 122,199	155,954 94,880 61,074		646,803 415,470 231,333	398,308 267,289 131,019	88,692 74,578 14,114	28,994 2,629 26,365	130,809		2,068,598 1,450,294 618,304	1,366,131 1,119,088 247,043	98,746 9,419 89,327	334,028 178,317 155,711
ern region, and	Mississippi	2,211,431 986,159 1,225,272	1,259,323 699,402 559,921	205,205 123,586 81,619	115,652 8,386 107,266	631,251 154,785 476,466		569,748 257,544 312,204	254,753 133,917 120,836	126,044 89,099 36,945	21,185 1,594 19,591	167,766 32,934 134,832		1,271,000 719,000 552,000	1,867,266 1,385,005 482,261	81,558 8,173 73,385	268,070 69,302 198,768
o or one contill	Louislana	1,595,472 749,438 846,034	947,443 497,071 450,372	120,758 98,680 22,078	65,045 1,873 63,172	462,226 151,814 310,412		405,140 198,565 206,575	192,371 95,176 97,195	81,137 71,143 9,994	356 11,540	119,736 31,890 87,846		955,000 511,000 444,000	1,237,264 1,103,976 133,288	45,126 1,826 43,300	197,192 70,922 126,270
A THE OTHER DESIGNATION	Georgia	2,899,327 2,198,796 700,531	2,162,173 1,655,800 506,373	414,310 401,425 12,885	149,025 1,885 147,140	173,819 139,686 34,133		749,662 573,051 176,611	459,833 354,430 105,403	166,866 160,086 6,780	32,199 437 31,762	90,764 58,098 32,666		2,420,533 1,923,113 497,420	2,534,753 2,413,959	111,479 1,597 109,882	240,894 149,580 91,314
	Florida	930,546 807,643 122,903	486,011 452,846 33,165	265,575 265,456 265,456	92,250 10,198 82,052	86,710 79,143 7,567		251,793 224,483 27,310	103,837 96,933 6,904	105,925 105,863 62	20,054 2,354 17,700	21,977 19,333 2,644		558,533 525,954 32,579	1,598,210 1,584,952 13,258	67,917 8,366 59,551	66,834 50,265 16,569
	Arkansas	1,551,784 684,512 867,272	, 975,211 '   559,327 415,884	61,243 47,355 13,888	65,383	449,947 77,830 372,117		380,386 164,617 215,769	196,849 107,097 89,752	40,428 34,141 6,287	11,946	131,163 23,379 107,784		985,000 575,000 410,000	620,156 533,938 86,218	44,865	199,625 57,781 141,844
	Alabama	2,377,047 1,497,633 879,414	1,685,899 1,137,135 548,764	144,742	88,559 354 88,205	457,847 218,505 239,342		581,812 370,657 211,155	336,161 217,732 118,429	103,518 102,114 1,404	16,184 68 16,116	125,949 50,743 75,206		1,169,000	1,608,681 1,583,704 24,977	60,864 348 60,516	196,061 93,132 102,929
	Unit	Thousand Board Feet Thousand Board Feet Thousand Board Feet		Thousand Cubic Feet Thousand Cubic Feet Thousand Cubic Feet		Thousand Board Feet Thousand Board Feet Thousand Board Feet	Number Cords Number Cords Number Cords	Thousand Board Feet Thousand Board Feet Thousand Board Feet	Thousand Cubic Feet Thousand Cubic Feet Thousand Cubic Feet								
74	Timber Cut From Live Sawtimber	All Prochets Softwood Hardwood	Sawlogs (For Lumber, etc.) Softwood Hardwood	Pulpwood Softwood Hardwood	Veneer Logs and Bolts Softwood Hardwood	All Other Products Softwood Hardwood	Timber Cut From Growing Stock	All Products Softwood Hardwood	Sawlogs (For Lumber, etc.) Softwood Hardwood	Pulpwood Softwood Hardwood	Veneer Logs and Bolts Softwood Hardwood	All Other Products Softwood Hardwood	Total - Output	Sawlogs (For Lumber, etc.) Softwood Hardwood	Pulpwood Softwood Hardwood	Veneer Logs and Bolts Softwood Hardwood	All Other Products Softwood Hardwood

Estimates of timber products output include both roundwood and plant residues. The output from roundwood is according to States where the logs, bolts, and other round timbers, cut for various products, originated and not necessarily where they were processed into lumber, publy, wenter manufactured products or used in round form as poles, pilling, posts, etc. The volume of plant residues such as used for fuelwood or chipped for publ is, nondered with the "all other products group because estimates are likely to be considerably in a retro for individual States. Other products including cooperage logs and bolts, poles and pilling, posts, here its, and various miscellareous products like box and shingle bolts, poles and pilling, posts, here its, and various miscellareous products like box and shingle bolts, turnery, dimension and handle trade, or other products are shounded because the presents only a comparatively small fraction of total timber products output. Volumes are in units of measure commonly used by the Bureau of the Census, the trade, or other products are shound to output, i. e., sawlogs for lumber, timbers, as in the product surface and bolts in board feet lumber tally, pulpwood in standard cords (128 cu. ft.) including bark, and veneer logs and bolts in board feet lumber standard cords (128 cu. ft.) including bark, and veneer logs and bolts in board feet

<sup>2/</sup> Estimates of timber cut include logging residues as well as sawlog material removed as timber products. Timber cut for feelwood, although third in volume next to pulywood, is included with the "all other products including cooperage logs and bolts, poles and poling, posts, hew ties, mine timbers, and various miscellaneous products like box and shingle lokels, excelsior bolts, turnery, dimension and handle stock, chemical wood, etc., are grouped because their combined cut is only a comparatively small fraction of the total for all products. Volumes refer to live sawtimber inventory and are in net board feet log scale, International 1/4-inch rule.

#### Growth

The Southern Region is growing 88.6 million cords or 43.7 percent of the growing stock of the nation. The Southern Region is growing 22 billion board feet of sawtimber or 46.4 percent of the total being grown for the nation.

In the region the softwood sawtimber growth of nearly 14 billion board feet exceeds hardwood sawtimber growth by over five billion board feet,

percent of the nation's hardwood sawtimber growth. Annual growth per acre equals 123 board The Southern Region is growing 49 percent of the nation's softwood sawtimber growth and 43

Table 11. Net Annual Growth of Growing Stock and Live Sawtimber by Softwoods and Hardwoods on Commercial Forest Land in States of the Southern Region and the United States, January 1, 1953

3.6 5.1 8.6 8.5 3.9 3.7 6.0 0.5* 4.6 0.7 3.8 46.2 100 0.5* 4.6 0.7 3.8 46.2 100 0.5* 4.6 0.7 3.8 46.2 100 0.5* 4.6 0.7 3.8 46.2 100 0.5* 4.6 0.7 3.8 46.2 100 0.5* 4.6 0.7 3.8 46.2 100 0.5* 4.6 0.7 3.8 46.2 100 0.5* 4.6 0.7 3.8 46.2 100 0.5* 4.6 0.7 3.8 4.6 0.7 3.8 46.2 100 0.7 3.8 4.6 0.7 3.8 4.6 0.7 3.8 4.6 0.7 3.8 4.6 0.7 3.8 4.7 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7	Item	Unit	Alabama	Arkansas	Florida	Georgia	Louiselano	7	North	Oklahoma	South		Texas	South	Continental
R-8 softwood volume   Million Cords   5.7   3.6   5.1   18.6   8.5   3.9   3.7   15.0   13.0	Annual Growth - Growing Stock 1/						Bratanon	Iddississing	Carolina	(Esst)	Carolina	Tennessee	(East)	(Region 8)	United States
R-8 hardwood volume william Board Feet 2,770 2,253 1,623 1,240 1,250 1,246 2,770 1,246 1,240 1,2	Softwood Net growth Ratio - softwood volume to R-8 softwood volume	Million Cords $\%$	5.7	73.6	5.1	8.6 18.6	w. o.r.	W. a.	0.9	0.5*	9.4	2.0	6. 80	76.2	
total volume to U. S. total volume   Million Board Feet   1,220   1,389   2,370   1,445   887   1,606   14,54   1,270   1,246   3,74   1,520   1,246   3,74   1,540	Hardwood Net growth Ratio - hardwood wolume to R-8 hardwood wolume	Million Cords $^{\kappa}_{\mathcal{A}}$	5.1 12.0	4.6	1. 	0°7	5.9	6. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	1, 1, E	T°7	75. 7	L.5	3 0	100	
### Softwood volume   Million Board Feet 1,864 1,220 1,389 2,370 1,445 887 1,606 14,94 1,195 169 1,336 13,626 2	All Species Net growth Ratio - total volume to R-8 total volume Ratio - southern region volume to U. S. total volume		10.8	8 6 •	4.00	12.6	9.8	10.2	11.8	1,66	7.00	3.6 4.01	7.7	100 88.6 100 13.73/	50.9
Million Board Feet 1,664 1,220 1,389 2,370 1,445 887 1,606 145# 1,195 169 1,336 13,626  Thread volume to R-8 softwood volume to R-8 total volume  Million Board Feet 2,770 2,253 1,625 3,174 2,631 1,628 2,91 2,5 1,5 2,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1	Annual Growth - Live Sawtimber 1/												•	}	9
Hillion Board Feet 906 1,033 236 804 1,246 741 1,345 14,14 656 669 536 8,313 100    Hillion Board Feet 2,770 2,253 1,625 3,174 2,691 1,628 2,951 2864 1,851 838 1,872 21,939 1,474 14,5 12,3 1,455 12,	wth softwood volume to R-8 softwood volume	Million Board Feet	1,864	1,220	1,389	2,370	1,445	7887	1,606	145	1,195	169	1,336	13,626	27,884
Hillion Board Feet 2,770 2,253 1,625 3,174 2,691 1,628 2,951 2866 1,851 838 1,872 21,939 Lithern region volume to U. S. total volume \$\frac{\pi}{\pi}\$ 12.3 7.4 14.5 12.3 7.4 13.5 1.3 8.4 3.8 8.5 100	wth hardwood volume to R-8 hardwood volume	Million Board Feet ${\mathscr K}$	906	1,033	236	80% 7_8	1,246	741	1,345	141*	8 8 8 656	1.2	536	8,313	59.0
	tal volume to R-8 total volume uthern region volume to U. S. total volume	Million Board Feet %	2,770	2,253	1,625	3,174	2,691	1,628	2,951	286	1,851	2	0.5 1,872 8.5	22,939	47,269

Net after deduction for losses including losses from weather, animals, stand suppression, etc.
Data available in cubic feet only. Percentages compare growth of growing stock and santimber with total annual growth in the United States. Data shown in million cubic feet.
Percent based on cubic foot comparison, Region 8 total net growth to total net growth in the United States. Sampling area estimated to equal or exceed 25 percent, নানাল \*

Annual mortality in the Southern Region totals 1,726 million board feet of sawtimber, as compared to 12,130 million board feet nationwide. Loss in growing stock amounts to 608 million cubic feet, as compared to a total loss of 3,389 million cubic feet in the United States. A comparison of causes of mortality in sawtimber in the region shows that "other" causes top the list with heaviest losses, followed in order by fire, insects and disease. Losses from "other" causes in growing stock shows 51 percent of the total losses in the region. Fire is second with 20.1 percent, insects are third with 17.7 percent and disease is fourth with 11.2 percent of the total loss in the Many southern states have greatly reduced losses from fire. This reduction is attributed to concentrated efforts to prevent woods fires, and to trained specialized personnel and more efficient equipment used to combat fires. Greater vigilance and more effective control measures have been initiated in most states to keep insect infestations under control.

Table 12 - Annual Mortality of Growing Stock, and Live Sawtimber, by Cause, on Commercial Forest in the States of the Southern Region, and the United States, 1952 2/

South Tennessee (East) (Region 8)	39 4,2 50 608 30 6 26 287 9 36 24 321	6 13 7 122 15.4 31.0 14.0 20.1	10 3 17 108 25,6 7.1 34.0 17.7	8 20.5 4.8 4.0 11.2	15 24 24 310 38.5 57.1 48.0 51.0	127 94 153 1,726 101 16 100 999 26 78 53 776		23 22 14 287	18,1 23,4 9,2 16,6	37 8 66 403	29,1 8,5 43,1 23,3	32 7 5 222	25.2 7.5 3.3 12.9	35 57 68 814	27.6 60.6 44.4 47.2
Oklahoma (East) Ca	122	16.7	16.7 25	8.3 20	7 58.3	20 23		23	9.1 18	6	27.3 29	2	6.0 25	19	57.6 27
North	35 23 12	17.2	25.7	7 20.0	13	98 68 30		17	17.4	26	26.5	25	25.5	30	30.6
Mississipti	70 770	20.0	10	5.7	60.09	159 68 19		25	15.7	32	20.1	11	6*9	16	57.3
Louisiana	25 26 56	14,14,18,4	15	6.6	42 55.3	248 109 139		07	16.1	61	24.6	19	L*L .	128	51.6
Georgia	80 51 29	23 28,8	13.7	15	31,31	242 152 90		99	27.3	38	15.7	52	21,1	87	35.9
Florida	70 30 10	27.5	12,5	17.5	17	11.7 88 29		22	18,8	23	18,8	23	19.7	8	42.7
Arkansas	29 82	16	13	6,1	58.5	226 104 122		36	15.9	484	21.3	15	9.9	127	56.2
Alabama	82 39 43	10	13,19	12,12	47 57.3	229 131 98		19	8,3	95	24.4	32	14.0	122	53.3
Unit	Million Cubic Feet Million Cubic Feet Million Cubic Feet	Million Gubic Feet	Million Cubic Feet	Million Cubic Feet %	Million Cubic Feet ${\mathscr K}$	Million Board Feet Million Board Feet Million Board Feet		Million Board Feet	86	Million Board Feet	86	Million Board Feet	24	Million Board Feet	P6
Item	Growing Stock Volume loss - Total Softwood Hardwood	Mortality Cause Five Volume loss Ratio-volume to total volume loss Trees es	Molume loss Ratio-volume to total volume loss	Volume loss Ratio-volume to total volume loss Other 1/	Volume loss Ratio-volume to total volume loss	Live Sawtimber Voltume loss - Total Softwood Hardwood	Mortality Cause Fire	Volume loss Ratio-volume to total sawtimber	volume loss Insects	Volume loss Ratio-volume to total sawtimber	volume loss	Volume loss Ratio-volume to total sawtimber	volume loss Other 1/	Volume loss Ratio-volume to total sawtimber	volume loss

1/Weather, animals, stand suppression, etc.
2/Mortality of live sawtimber in board feet log scale, International 1/4-rule, and of growing stock in cubic feet excluding bark.
Estimates represent the current level of mortality indicated by trends over a long period of years as determined in 1952.

acres of commercial and noncommercial forest land are still unprotected, as compared to 13 percent in acres are under protection, as compared to 87 percent nationwide. Another 17.4 percent or 31,569,000 Of the 181,433,000 acres needing fire protection in the Southern Region, 82.6 percent or 149,864,000 the nation.

than one percent of the lands have Class 1 status, as compared to 15 percent nationwide. Nearly 25 percent of the protected lands have low or Class 3 status of protection, as contrasted to 13 percent Fifty-seven percent of the protected lands in the region fall into Class 2 status of protection. in the United States.

Table 13- Commercial and Noncommercial Forest Area Requiring Fire Frotection, by Status of Protection, and by Ownership Class, 1 of the States of the Southern Region, and the United States, 1952 5/

	Continental United States	656,837 15 15 20 20 13	198,682 99 17 16 16	33,523 34 422 17	424,632 12 12 47 22 19
	South (Region 8)	181,433 82.6 0.8 57.0 24.8 17.4	13,920 98.6 0.8 87.7 10.1	2,677 93,6 0.1 49,6 43.9	164,836 81.1 0.8 54.6 25,7
	Texas (East)	708 78 10 63 521 222	738 99 3 89 1	35	10,935 77 62 15
	Tennessee	12,558 82 17 25 57 18	1,085 100 3 88 9	34.5	11,128 80 19 61 20
	South	11,94,3	768 100 1 86 13	198	10,977
	Oklahoma (East)	6,027 66 33 34 34	583 67 79 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	1000	5,645 64 31 33 36
12 2/24	North	19,513 90 10 111	1,710 100 2 87 11	348	17,455
outred oranges.	Mississippi	16,473 78 46 322 22	1,264	482 81 47 34	14,727 77 43 34 23
and one dioties	Louisiana	15,990 76 4,3 28 24	746 99 84 15	187 100 74 26	15,057 74 5 41 28 26
Transport a	Georgia	24,057 80 2 2 76 2 2 2 2 2	1,639	126	22,292 79 3 75 75
oraces or cu	Florida	23,047	2,053	24. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4	20,434,68
III che	Arkansas	19,346 80 11/ 79 12 20	2,840 940 1140 860	120 100 100 28	16,386
	Alabama	20,77	794 99 10 10	1777 1000 300 300 700 700 700 800 800 800 800 800 800 8	19,800
	· Unit	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousand Aores
	<u>Item</u>	All Ownerships Total area Profected Class 1 2/ Class 2 3/ Class 3 4/ Unprotected	Federal Total area Profected Class 1 Class 2 Class 2 Unprotected	State, County, Municipal Total area Profacted Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 Unprotected	Frivate Total area Protected Class 1 Class 2 Class 2 Unsvetected

Loss than 0.5 percent.

2 Protection adequate to meet the fire situation in worst years and under serious peak load conditions.

2 Protection adequate to meet the average fire situation but failures likely in the worst years and under peak load conditions.

4 Protection adequate to meet fire situation in the easy years and failures frequent - average or worse years.

5 Includes noncommercial forest areas which require fire protection.

In the Southern Region, 75.8 percent of the commercial forest land or nearly 135 million acres are well and medium stocked, compared to 66.9 percent nationwide. Over 15 percent of the area or over 27 million acres are poorly stocked. Another nine percent of the area or 16 million acres are nonstocked. Another Nearly 63 percent of the young sawtimber and poletimber stands are well and medium stocked. 13 percent in seedling and sapling stands is well and medium stocked.

Table 14 - Stand-Size Class, and Degree of Stocking, on Commercial Forest Area, in the States of the Southern Region and the United States, January 1, 1952 5/

Cont	003 484,340	55,005 133,561 11,761 110,611 25,11 24,1 3,244 15,950 11,3 5,3	70,370 169,408 59,922 139,920 33.7 28.9 10,443 29,488 6.1	96,025 94,709 33,170 67,445 13,0 13,40 13,455 27,204 7,5 5,6	.6,003 41,607 9,0 8,6	75,8 66,9 15,2 15,0 9,0 8,6
South (Region 8)	178,003			23,1	П	2.7
Texas (bast)	11,703	4,080 4,026 34.4 54.4 54.0 0.5	0,011 5,585 47.7 426 3.0	1,349 757 6.5 592 592 5.1	263	88 80 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60
Tennessea	12,301	2,916 2,892 23.5 24,0	7,554 7,070 57.5 484 3.9	1,674,174,9.5	157	90° 8° 1 2° 8° 1
South	11,891	4,999 4,055 34,1 944 7.9	3,065 2,045 17.2 1,020 8,6	3,092 2,899 4.4 193	735	75.7 13.1 6.2
Oklahoma (bast)	5,257	1,304	2,774 2,304 43.8 47.0 8.9	1,098 438 4.3 600 16	81	76.3 22.1 1.6
North	18,976	0,337 32.7 32.7 1332	7,141	4,826 3,848 20,3 978 5.2	3.5	86.4 10,1 3.5
MississiM	16,440	5,920 5,380 52.7 540 3.3	6,380 4,496 27.4 1,824 11.5	3,117 2,238 13.6 879 5.3	1,023	73.7 20.1 6.2
Louisiana	15,899	7,176 6,943 43.7 233	4,814 3,963 24.9 851 5.3	2,120 1,026 1,094 1,094	1,789	75.1
Georgia	23,969	6,355 5,966 24.9 389 1.6	8,814 7,464 31,1 1,350 5,6	7,200 4,838 20,2 2,362 2,362	1,600	76.2
Florida	21,519	3,223	3,541 1,8.4 8.6 1,697	5,603 1,201 5,6 4,402	9,152	25.9 31.6 42.5
Arkansac	19,292	6,604 6,492 33.7 112 0.6	9,364 8,486 44.0 878 4.5	3,04,3 2,246 11.6 797 4.1	281	89.3 9.2 1.5
Alabama	20,756	4,0046 160,0046 160,0046	10,912 10,317 49.7 595 2.9	3,503 2,505 12.1 998 4.3	250 1.2	90.7
Unit	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres Thousand Acres Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres Thousand Acres Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres Thousand Acres Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	PC PC BC
<u>Item</u>	Total commercial area	Young Sawtimber Total area Mall and medium stocked <u>1</u> / Ratio to total commercial area in state i oraly stocked <u>2</u> / Ratio to total commercial area in state	Foletamer Stands Total area Well and medium stocked Ratio to total commercial area in state Foothy stocked Ratio to total commercial area in state	Swedling & Sapling Stands Total area Total and medium stocked Tatio to total commercial area in state Footly stocked Ratio to total commercial area in state	Nonstocked and Other Areas 3/ Total area Ratio to total commercial area in state	Summary of all stands by degree of stocking 4/ Well and medium icorly stocked Nonstocked

40 percent or more stocked.

10-39 percent socked.

Less than 10 percent stocked.

Because of scattered occurrence and very limited area, no estimates have been made of old growth sawtimber in the southern region.

The estitated sampling error for the breakonm by sizes for young sawtimber stands, poletimber stands, seedling and sapling stands and nonstocked and other saves exceeds the sampling error established for the figures used by TRR Regions in Table 20, Chapter IX - A, TRR.

Sampling area estimated to equal or exceed 25 percent.

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## Notes on Table 15

Class 3 or small private ownerships, representing a large number of owners and large acreages, show low percentage in the upper or high productivity class. In the south small private ownerships have upper productivity ratings of 27 percent of ownerships under 100 acres, 35 percent for ownerships from 100 to 500 acres, and 39 percent for ownerships from 500 to 5,000 acres. Public and private medium and large ownerships have relatively high productivity ratings. Public ownerships show 86 percent in the upper class. Class 1 or large owners show 81 percent while Class 2 or medium ownerships show 63 percent in the upper class.

Item	Unit	South Atlantic 3/	Southeast 4/	West Gulf 5/	South	Continental United States
ALL OWNERSHIPS Total operating area	Thousand Acres	17,964	46,944	22,509	87,417	230,653
All Public Operating area Productivity - High Medium Low	Thousand Acres	3,316 91 7	5,473 90 8	2,942 73 24 3	11,731 86 12 2	91,533 79 . 17 .
National Porest Persting area Productivity - High Productivity - Medium Low	Thousand Acres	2,544	3,407	2,603	8,554 89 10 1	62,194 81 16 3
Bureau of Land Management Derstaing are High Productivity— High Medium Los	Thousand Acres			100	13	3,824, 76 1.8 6
Indian Dersting area Productivity - High Medium Low	Thousand Acres % %	100			100	5,015 74 25 1
Uther todestal Derstang area Productivity - High Redium Low	Thousand Acres	410 73 15 12	1,307	207 59 37 4	1,924 83 14 14	2,365 80 16 4
State, towney, and Municipal Deprating area Productivity - High Medium Low	Thousand Acres % % %	317 92 7 1	759 70 29 1	119 12 28 60	1,195	18,135 77 19 4
All Frivate Lasses (tlass 1, 2, and 3) Operating are Froductivity - High Medium Low	Thousand Acres	14,648 58 30 12	41,471 53 25 25 22	19,567 42 42 36 22	75,686 51 29 20	139,120 <u>2</u> / 56 29 15
Class 7,0-100 acres 1.00 persking area Productivity - High Medium 1.00 persking area 1.00 persking 1	Thousand Acres	3,688 41 41 18	6,049 25 32 43	3,495 19 47 34	13,232 27 39 34	24,330 38 37 25
Oterating area Productivity - High Redium Froductivity - High Redium Froductivity - Rodium Froductivity - Rodi	Thousand Acres & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	4,650 4,5 36 19	10,352 37 29 34	4,575 21,24 46 33	19,577 35 35 30	31,713 4,0 3,6 2,4
Productivity - High Medium (Figh Medium)	Thousand Acres	1,538 44, 50 6	7,792	1,479	10,809 39 40 21	18,331 44 35 21
2	Thousand Acres	2,056 84 15 1	7,412 63 24 13	3,266 48 37 15	12,734 63 26 11	22,599 64, 26 10
Control of the Contro	Thousand Acres	2,716 89 7 4	9,866 86 8	6,752 70 21 9	19,334 81 13 6	42,347 78 18 4

1/ The determination of size class of private ownership was based on the total commercial forest land area in the ownership. The operating area of an individual ownership is the combined area of the forest types, within the ownership is now cutting was done since January 1, 1947. The operating area of any size class or type of ownership is the sum of the operating areas on individual ownerships in that size class or type of ownership. Productivity is expressed as a percentage of operating area found to be in a high, medium, or low productivity class.

2/ Excludes 1,377 thousand acres of commercial forest land in large private ownerships on which access was denied. The projection of this area in operating status is not known.

3/ Includes Morth Garolina, South Carolina and Wirghina.

4/ Includes Alabama, Florida, Goregia, Mississipi, and Thousace.

5/ Includes Alabama, Florida, Goregia, Mississipi, and Thousace (Bast).

## Notes on Table 16

Wood-using industries in the south have attained relatively high productivity ratings.

Pulp manufacturers lead with 96 percent in the upper productivity class, while lumber manufacturers show 69 percent.

Other private ownerships have less than 44 percent in the upper class.

Table 16 - Productivity of Recently Out Private Commercial Forest Land by Type of Private Owner, in the TRR Regions of the South and the United States, 1953

Continental United States	139,120 <u>1</u> / 56 29 15	52,978 41. 37. 22.	24,058 73 21 6	17,402 84, 15	44,573 177 19 4	41,569 52 28 20
South	75,686 71 29 20	32,566 34 38 28	11,749 69 23 8	8,920 96	22,823 81 15 4	20,297 44 30 26
West Gulf I/	119, 567 42 36 22,	5,784 1.8 21.	λ 7	1,633 82 18 3/	7,593 24, 7	6,190 32, 34, 34,
Sou theast 6/	47,474 53 25 25	18,824 35 34 31	4, 213	5,392 99 1	11,207 88 9	11,440 46 28 26
South Atlantic 5/	14, 648 58 30 12	7,958 45 38 17	1,871 	1,895	4,023 81 15 4	2,667 60 32 8
Vait	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres %	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres	Thousand Acres
Item	All Private Ownerships Operating area Productivity - High Medium Low	Farm Operating area Productivity - High Medium Low	Lumber Manufacturer 2/ Operating area Productivity - High Medium Low	Pulp Manufacturer Operating are Productivity - High Low	All Wood-Using Industries 4/ Operating area Productivity - High Medium Low	Uther Private Operating area Productivity - High Medium Low

L Excludes 1537 thousand acres of commercial forest land in large private ownerships on which access was denied. The proportion of this area in operating state as an account of the control of the contr

## Notes on Table 17

## Acceptable Plantations

The Southern Region has nearly two million acres of acceptable plantations out of the nation's total of nearly five and one-fourth million acres.

In the region private ownerships have 73.9 percent of the acceptable plantations or 1,435,700 acres, as compared to 47.5 percent in the United States. Acceptable plantations on national forests total 325,900 acres or 16.8 percent of the total planted area in the region. federal ownerships have 119,600 acres or 6.1 percent of the total area. State ownerships total 52,700 acres or 2.7 percent of the total acceptable plantations. Ano 9,700 acres or 0.5 percent of the total area are located on county and municipal ownerships.

#### Plantable Areas

The Southern Region has over 20 million acres or 39 percent of the nation's 52 million acres of plantable area. Nearly 19 million acres of private land in the region need to be planted. A total of 476,000 acres Other federal ownerships have 412,000 acres of plantable of national forest land need planting.

State ownerships have 224,000 acres in need of planting while some 166,000 acres are located on county and municipal ownerships.

Table 17-Area of Acceptable Plantations, and Plantable Area, on Commercial Forest Area, by Commership, Class, in the States of the Southern Region, and the United States, 1952 2

Item	Unit	Alabama	Arkansas	Florida	Georgia	Louisiana	Micsissipti	North	Oklahoma (East)	South	Tennessee	Texas (East)	South (Region 8)	Continental United States 2/
AREA OF ACCEPTABLE PLANTATIONS, JUNE 30, 1952														
All ownerships Total area Ratio:total area in state to Region 8 total area	Thousand Acres	156,8	76.6	227.0	344.4	291.1 15.0	256.3	80.9	6.9	186.4	197.0	120.2	1,943,6	5,210,1
Federal Total area Ratio:area to total area in state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres	57.9	13.4	21.8	20.00	80.3	134.6	12.6	3.6	27.9	47.6	37.3	445.5	1,586.1
National forest Total area $% \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =0$ . Retionarea to total area in state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres ${\mathcal K}$	36.3	9.6	0.6	3.4	76.9	129.2	7.3		15.8	3.3	36.5	325.9	1,419,3
Other federal Total area Ratio:area to total area in state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres $\%$	21.6	3.8	12.8	1.5	3.4	5.4	6.7	3.6	12,1	44.3	8.0	9.611	166,8
State <u>Total</u> area Ratio:area to total area <b>in</b> state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres	2.7	000	4.0	3.7	3.9 1.3	20.0	3.8	4.3	11.8	20.4	0.8	52.7	899.8 17.3
County, municipal, Total area Ratio:area to total area in state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres	0.2	0.4	0.6	2.0	2.1	0.2	0.0	À :	1.0	0.6	1.9	9.7	250.2 4.8
Private Total area Ratio:area to total area in state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres	96.0 61.2	62,7	200.6	330.2	204.8	119.3	64.8	3.0	145.7	128.4	80.2	1,435.7	2,474,0
FLANTABLE AREA JANUARY 1, 1953														
All ownerships Total area Ratio:total area in state to Region 8 total area	Thousand Acres	1,734	1,515	5,070	1,574	1,224	4,343	970	413	1,311	1,493	500	20,147	51,948
Federal Total area Total area in state and in Region 8 to United States Ratio:area to total area in state $_{\rm S}$	Thousand Acres	3.4	107	211	0.50	6.9	156	72	1,9	14,2	28	12 2.4	888 4.4	5,617
National forest Total area Ratio:area to total area in state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres	4.6	73	110	0 %	70 5.7	101	58	0.2	6.0	0,2	20.0	476	4,507
Other federal Total area Ratio:area to total area in state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres	13	34	101	9.6	15	1.35	14,14	7.1	133	1.7	10 2,0	412	1,050
State Total area Ratio:area to total area in state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres	4.5		22 0.4	0.2	• •	24,00.6	07	::	63	25	20.4	224	2,276
$\frac{\text{County, municipal}}{\text{Total area}}$ Rationarea to total area in state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres		0 0	0.1		25	127	0 10, 10				O.2	166	1,009
irivate Total area Ratio:area to total plantable in state and in Region 8 to United States	Thousand Acres tes	1,630	1,405	4,832	1,563	1,114	4,036	853	405	1,106	1,440	485	18,869	43,046

1/ Less than 0,05 thousand acres.
2/ Percent of acceptable plantations and plantable area by ownerships in the United States.
3/ To qualify as acceptable, plantations must have at the end of the fifth year after planting 400 planted trees per plantation acre.

## Notes on Table 18

Some significant facts as of January 1, 1953 relative to the future of the timber resource in the Southern Region are highlighted as follows:

- The Southern Region contains 37 percent of the nation's commercial forest area.
  - Commercial forest area covers 59 percent of the total land area in the region.
- holdings, represented by nearly 1,616,000 owners, who own 91.5 percent of the total commercial The majority of the future timber products in the region will continue to be cut from private forest area. Over 1,614,000 of these owners, with holdings less than 5,000 acres in control 65 percent of the total commercial forest area in the region.
  - The Southern Region has 16.6 percent of the sawtimber volume and 20.7 percent of the growing stock in the United States.
- estimated realizable growth of 235 board feet per acre, commercial forest lands of the region sawtimber growth in all stands from the present average of 123 board feet per acre to future Over 46 percent of the annual growth of sawtimber and about 44 percent of the annual growth of growing stock in the United States occur in the southern states. Based on increase in could produce nearly double the present output in the forseeable future. v,
  - Annual mortality from all causes in the region totals 1,726,000,000 board feet of sawtimber Prowing stock losses amount to 608,000,000 cubic feet.
- In the Southern Region 31,569,000 acres of commercial and noncommercial forest land are still unprotected.
- Over 27,000,000 acres in the region are poorly stocked. Another 16,000,000 acres are nonstocked.

1/ Forested Section only.

2/ Included in the 5,000 to 59,000 acre size class, in order to avoid jossible disclosure of individual owners.

2/ Included in the 5,000 to 59,000 acre size class, in order 100 acres equals 121,013,000 in Continental United States.

3/ Data not available except total owners for holdings under 100 acres equals 3,874,847 in Continental United States.

5/ Data not available except total area under 100 acres. Ratio to total Commercial Forest Area = 25,0%.

5/ Lass than 0,5 percent.

Sampling area estimated to equal or exceed 25 percent.

half of the century, indicates the nation's population of 210 million in 1975 and 275 million in 2000, Chart 1 - Projection of population increase by the Bureau of Census, based on trends during the first as contrasted to an estimated 165 million in 1955.

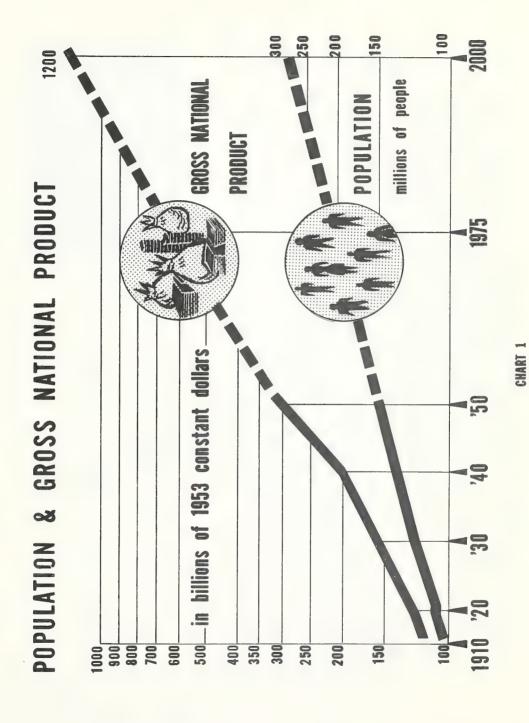
shows nearly 100 percent increase during the 1950-1975 period, to a total in 1975 of 630 billion dollars (in terms of 1953 dollars). (Figure 1, Page 10, Chapter I - TIMBER RESOURCE REVIEW) Projection of the gross national product, which is the total national output of all goods and services,

Chart 2 - From 1900 to about 1935 consumption of industrial timber products declined in relation to the consumption of all physical structure raw materials. However, as technological improvements in use of wood developed, this decline leveled off and during recent years the consumption of industrial timber of basic raw materials, indicate increases in consumption of all materials in the forseeable future. and present trends of new industries, accelerated housing projects, plant extensions, and new uses products has increased in relation to consumption of other physical structure raw materials. (Figure 4, Page 13, Chapter I - TIMBER RESOURCE REVIEW) Chart 3 - During the first half of the twentieth century, raw material requirements in the nation increased considerably faster than population. This trend can be observed by comparing periods in Charts 1 and (Figure 3, Page 11, Chapter I - TIMBER RESOURCE REVIEW)

Chart 4 - Consumption of industrial wood is shown for the years 1900 through 1950 with two projections of estimated requirements.

timber products will occupy the same position relative to consumption of all physical structure materials The lower level estimates reflect a relatively smaller demand for timber products and continued increase in the real price. In contrast, the upper level estimates are based on the assumption that industrial as they did in 1952 (see Chart 2).

the decline in relative consumption (see Chart 2). However, as relative consumption stabilized in the The decline in consumption of industrial wood during the early decades of this century corresponds to 1930's absolute consumption as shown in Chart 4 increased with population growth and increases in national product. (Figure 7, Page 27, Chapter I - TIMBER RESOURCE REVIEW)

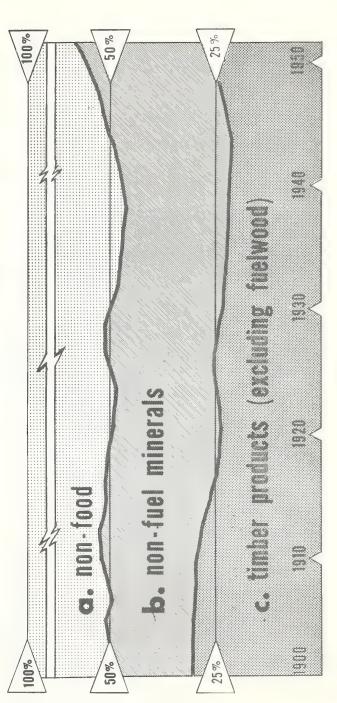




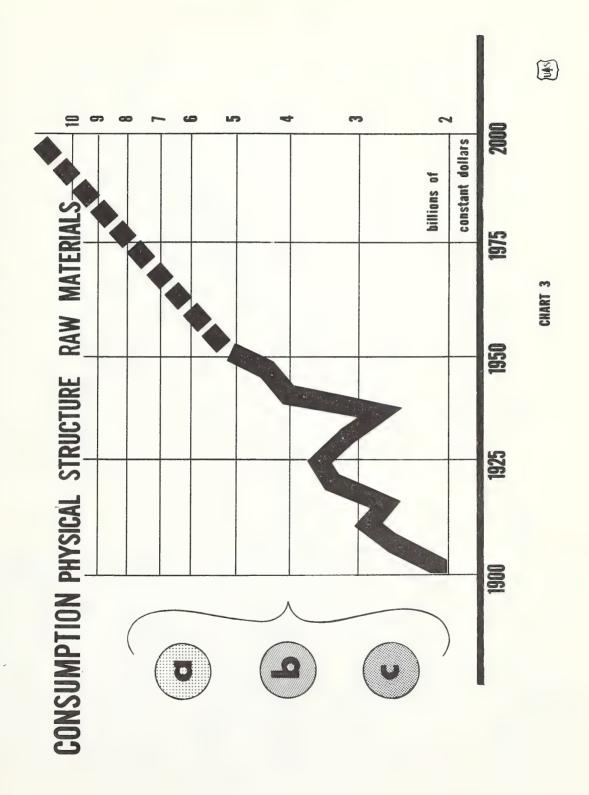
# BASIC RAW MATERIALS

PHYSICAL STRUCTURE RAW MATERIALS

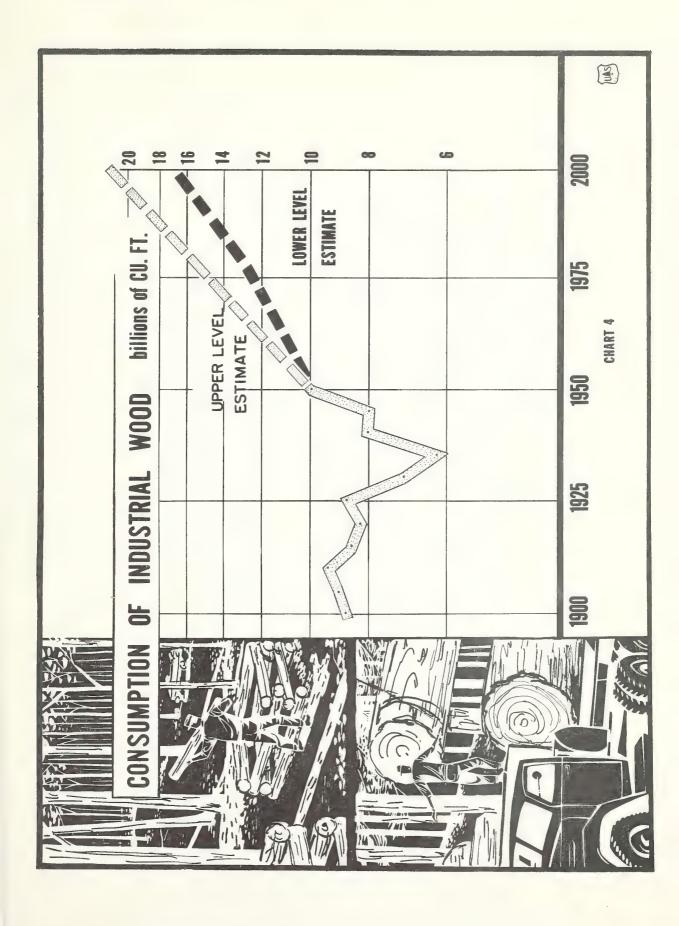














## EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Commercial forest land area. See "forest land area."

Commercial species. Tree species considered in determining stocking and growing stock. Includes species presently or prospectively usable for commercial timber products; excludes so-called weed species such as sassafras, hawthorn, and ironwood.

Fire protection status. A classification of commercial and noncommercial forest lands requiring protection from fire according to the degree of protection given them.

Protected.

Protection adequate to meet the fire situation in worst years and under serious peak load conditions. Class 1.

Protection adequate to meet the average fire situation but failures likely in worst years and under peak load conditions. Class 2.

Protection adequate to meet the fire situation in easy years but failures frequent in average or worse years. Class 3.

Unprotected. No protection given.

one acre in the East and 10 acres in the West. Roadside, streamside, and shelterbelt strips of timber, Forest land area. Includes (a) lands which are at least 10 percent stocked by trees of any size and capable of producing timber or other wood products, or of exerting an influence on the climate or on Does not include orchard land. The minimum area that qualifies as forest land is the water regime; (b) land from which the trees described in (a) have been removed to less than 10 in addition to meeting the above requirements, must be at least 120 feet wide to qualify as forest percent stocking and which have not been developed for other use; (c) afforested areas; and (d) chaparral areas.

Forest land area. (continued)

Commercial forest land area. Forest land which (a) is producing, or physically capable producing, usable crops of wood (usually sawtimber), (b) economically available now or prospectively, and (c) not withdrawn from timber utilization.

of adverse site conditions, or so physically inaccessible as to be unavailable economically Noncommercial forest land area. Forest land (a) withdrawn from timber utilization through forest land, or (b) incapable of yielding usable wood products (usually sawtimber) because statute, ordinance, or administrative order but which otherwise qualifies as commercial in the foreseeable future.

Growth

Net annual growth of sawtimber. The change during a specified year in net board-foot volume of live sawtimber resulting from natural causes exclusive of catastrophic losses.

volume of growing stock resulting from natural causes exclusive of catastrophic losses. Also Net annual growth of growing stock. The change during a specified year in net cubic-foot given in standard cords.

Needed growth. The net annual growth of timber on commercial forest land which would meet a specified future level of wood requirements plus a margin for catastrophic losses, national emergencies, and new forms of wood use. Realizable growth. The net annual growth of timber on an area of commercial forest land which it would be practical to attain if all the land is managed as intensively as is justified under specified assumptions as to future prices and other economic conditions.

Growth impact. Mortality plus growth loss.

volume removed from growing stock, during a specified year through death from natural causes, Mortality. The net board-foot volume removed from live sawtimber, or the net cubic-foot exclusive of catastrophic losses.

Growth impact. (continued)

Growth loss. Growth deficiency plus loss of accumulated growth.

weather effects, and (b) the reduction in growth due to changes in timber type, defoliation, Growth deficiency. Timber loss due to (a) delay in restocking or deficiencies in stocking reduction of tree vigor, increase in cull percent, or deterioration of site due to such resulting from causes such as attack by insects, disease or animals or fire or adverse destructive agents.

of growing stock due to mortality (caused by such agents as fire, insects, disease, animals Loss of accumulated growth. The effect on present and prospective yields of live sawtimber and adverse weather) of poletimber trees, saplings and seedlings in the case of sawtimber yields, and saplings and seedlings in the case of growing stock yields. Hardwoods. In the United States and Coastal Alaska, dicotyledonous (usually broadleaved and deciduous) trees of commercial species.

Private ownership other than farm. Includes ownerships Industrial and other private ownership. Privof the primary wood manufacturing industries. Land area. Includes dry land and land temporarily or partially covered by water, such as marsh lands, swamps, and river flood plains (omitting tidal flats); streams, sloughs, estuaries, and canals less than one-eighth of a statute mile in width; and lakes, reservoirs, and ponds having less than 40 acres of area.

Forest land. See "forest land area."

Includes cropland harvested, cropland not harvested and cropland not Cropland in farms. Includes cropland used only for pasture and other pasture defined in the 1950 Census of Agriculture. Pasture in farms.

It includes all nonforest land which is not included in any of the other specified land-This item includes all house lots, barn lots, lanes, roads, ditches, power lines, Other land. use classes.

## Logging residues.

The net board-foot volume of live sawtimber trees cut Logging residues from live sawtimber. The net board-foot or killed by logging and not converted to timber products.

trees cut or killed by logging and not converted to timber products. Also given in standard cords. Logging residues from growing stock. The net cubic-foot volume of live sawtimber and poletimber

## Mortality, annual.

sawtimber during a specified period through death from natural causes, exclusive of catastrophic Annual mortality of sawtimber. The average annual net board-foot volume removed from live

The average annual net cubic-foot volume, removed from growing stock during a specified period through death from natural causes, exclusive of catastrophic losses. Also given in standard cords. Annual mortality of growing stock.

#### Net volume.

Gross volume in terms of the International  $1/\mu$ -inch log rule less and other defects affecting use for lumber deductions for rot, sweep, Net volume in board feet.

Net volume in cubic feet. Gross volume in cubic feet less deductions for rot. Also reported in standard cords of 128 cubic feet, including bark. Nonforest land area. Land that does not qualify as forest land. The minimum area recognized as nonforest land is one acre in the East and 10 acres in the West. Unimproved roads, streams, canals, rights-of-way, supported forest growth; land which is less than 10 percent stocked with forest trees and which has been developed for other use, such as grazing, agricultural, residential, or industrial; all land in thinkly clearings, and treeless strips must be at least 120 feet wide to qualify as nonforest land. Improved roads, regardless of width, will be classified as nonforest land. Includes land which has never populated urban and suburban areas, and water classified by the Bureau of the Census as land. area" and Torest land area." Sawtimber stands in which over 50 percent of the net board-foot volume is in old-growth sawtimber trees. Old-growth sawtimber stands.

Operating area. (1) The operating area of an individual ownership is the combined area of the forest types, within the ownership, in which some cutting was done between January 1, 1947, and date of examination, 1952-1954. (2) The operating area of any size-class or type of ownership is the sum of the operating areas on individual ownerships in that size-class or type of ownership.

The person or group of persons in whom is vested the title of a particular property. Owner.

Ownership. The property owned by one owner, regardless of the number of parcels that it may consist of, in a specified area such as a state, region, or section, or in the United States and Coastal Alaska as a whole.

A classification of property based on the following types of ownership: Ownership classes.

Federal ownership or trusteeship. Property owned or administered by the Federal government. Includes the following types of ownership:

as a national forest, purchase unit, or experimental area or Federal property administered in National forest. Federal property which, by executive order or statute, has been designated conjunction with the national forests.

Federal government but administered and managed for Indian tribal groups, or allotted in trust Indian. Indian tribal property or trust allotments, i.e., real estate held in fee by the to individual Indians.

Bureau of Land Management. Federal property administered by the Bureau of Land Management in the U. S. Department of the Interior.

Other Federal. Other property owned or administered by the Federal government.

Property in State ownership or under lease to a State for 50 years or more. State ownership.

County and municipal ownership. Property in county, municipal or other local public ownership.

Private ownership. Property in one of the following types of private ownership:

Land in farms as defined by the Census of Agriculture, with these exceptions: (a) Inspecified public ownership), (c) certain large acreages of grazing lands in the West, leased dian reservation farms (classified as land in Federal ownership or trusteeship), (b) public from railroads or other non-farmers without transfer of timber cutting rights to the lessee institutional, experiment station, and other public land in farms (classified as land in (classified as land in forest industry or other private ownership).

\$150 or more. Places operated in 1949 for which the value of agricultural products in 1949 was cultural products in 1949, exclusive of home gardens, valued at \$150 or more. The agricultural less than these minima because of crop failure or other unusual situation, and places operated in 1950 for the first time were counted as farms if normally they could be expected to produce were counted as farms only if the value of sales of agricultural products in 1949 amounted to In the 1950 Census of Agriculture, a farm was a place of three or more acres producing agriproducts could have been either for home use or for sale. Places of less than three acres these minimum quantities of farm products.

All the land under the control of one person or partnership, through ownership, lease, rental or cropping arrangement, was included as one farm ownership. Commercial forest land in farms is not the same as woodland in farms as reported by the Census. Part of the difference is due to the exceptions to land in farms, stated above. However, the major part of the difference arises because some of the woodland in farms is noncommercial forest land. In some cases, lands that qualify as commercial forest land were classed as pasture or waste lands by the Census. Forest industries. (Also termed primary wood manufacturing industries or wood using industries). operate wood processing subsidiary corporations that derive income chiefly from the sale of wood Property of forest owners who operate primary wood processing plants and who apparently obtain more of their income from the sale of wood products than from any other single source, or who products. Includes industries comprised of the following kinds of manufacturers:

## Private ownership classes (continued)

Lumber manufacturer. A forest owner who manufactures lumber and who uses a greater cubic volume of timber from his land for this purpose than in any other type of primary woodprocessing plant that he may operate.

volume of timber from his land for this purpose than in any other type of primary wood-Pulp manufacturer. A forest owner who manufactures pulp and who uses a greater cubic processing plant that he may operate. Other wood manufacturer. A forest owner who manufactures veneer, cooperage or other wood products except pulp and lumber. Other private ownership. Private property, other than that classified as farm or forest industry ownership, such as property owned by business and professional persons, wage earners, housewives, retired persons, nonforest industries, estates, and dealers in forest land.

commercial forest land in an ownership, regardless of the number of tracts that comprise it. Synonymous Ownership size classes. A classification of private commercial forest land based on the acreage of with "size class of owner" or "bwner size class."

nor was the productivity of their cutover lands determined, though their acreage is included of less than 3 acres in the East and of less than 10 acres in the West were not enumerated. Class 3 - Small. An ownership of less than 5,000 acres of commercial forest land. in the commercial forest area of small ownerships.

An ownership of 5,000 to 50,000 acres of commercial forest land. Class 2 - Medium.

Class 1 - Large. An ownership of 50,000 or more acres of commercial forest land.

All raw materials other than foods, gold, and energy materials. Physical-structure raw materials.

other residues developed from logs, bolts and other round timber in the primary manufacturing process, Plant residues. Slabs, edgings, trimmings, miscuts, cull pieces, veneer cores, sawdust, shavings, wood substance lost in barking, chipper rejects and screenings at pulp mills, veneer clippings and excluding lignin and various dissolved wood substances incurred in pulp manufacture.

(b) forest tree regeneration will not occur naturally in desirable density within a reasonable Nonstocked or poorly stocked forest land or nonforest land on which (a) the establishment or interplanting of forest tree cover is desirable and practical, and on which Plantable area. per nod of time. Fotal plantable area. Plantable area at a specified time plus area of acceptable plantations established prior to that time.

Plantation. An area on which forest tree cover has been established by planting.

plantation acre at the end of the fifth year after planting. (Eastern and Southern species.) Acceptable plantation. A plantation that has at least 400 trees of planted forest trees per

The establishment of tree cover by setting nursery stock in the ground or by direct seeding. Planting.

and prospective timber growth, on lands logged for commercial timber products between January 1, 1947 and date of examination, 1952-1954, in relation to standards of stocking, species composition, and Productivity of recently cut land. A concept used to evaluate the conditions affecting present felling age adjudged currently attainable and practical under local conditions.

Standing or down dead trees which are considered merchantable by regional Salvable dead trees. standards.

## Sawtimber volume.

Live sawtimber volume. Net volume in board feet, International 1/4-inch rule, of live sawtimber trees of commercial species. Salvable dead sawtimber volume. Net volume in board feet, International 1/4-inch rule, of salvable dead sawtimber trees of commercial species. In the United States and Coastal Alaska, coniferous, evergreen (except larches and baldcypress) trees of commercial species. Softwoods

natural or planted stands, but which do not result in the production of commercial timber products. poisoning of cull trees, applied with purposeful intent to improve growing conditions in either Stand improvement practices. Measures, such as pruning, release cutting, girdling, weeding, or

## Stand size class.

Stands of sawtimber trees having a minimum net volume per acre of 1,500 board feet, International 1/4 inch-rule. Sawtimber stands.

Stands failing to meet the sawtimber stand specifications, but at least 10 percent stocked with poletimber and larger trees and with at least half this minimum stocking in poletimber trees. Poletimber stands.

Stands not qualifying as sawtimber or poletimber stands, but at least 10 percent stocked with trees and with at least half this minimum stocking in seedlings Seedling and Sapling stands. or saplings.

Nonstocked and other areas. Areas not qualifying as sawtimber, poletimber, or seedling and sapling stands

CV Standard error. The range about a sample estimated average or total, within which the odds are to 1 that the average or total based on complete coverage (100 percent sample) would fall.

Stocking. Stocking is the extent to which growing space is effectively utilized by present or potential growing stock trees of commercial species. Degree of stocking is synonymous with "percent of growing space occupied" and means the ratio of actual stocking to full stocking for comparable sites and stands. Stocking may be measured in terms of number of trees, volume, basal area, cover Stocking is the extent to which growing space is effectively utilized by present or canopy, or other criterion, or combination of criteria.

Areas that are 0 to 10 percent stocked with present or potential growing Non-stocked areas. stock trees. Stands that are 10-39 percent stocked with present or potential growing Poorly stocked stands.

Stands that are 40 percent or more stocked with present or Well and medium stocked stands. potential growing stock trees. Timber cut from live sawtimber. The net board-foot volume of live sawtimber trees cut or killed by logging during a specified year.

Timber cut from growing stock. The net cubic-foot volume of live sawtimber and poletimber trees cut or killed by logging during a specified year. Also given in standard cords.

land and from other sources such as cull trees, salvable dead trees, limbs, saplings, material less Timber products output. The volume of timber products cut from growing stock on commercial forest piling, poles, posts, hewn ties, mine timbers, and various other round, split or hewn products. products include sawlogs, veneer logs and bolts, cooperage logs and bolts, pulpwood, fuelwood, than 4 inches in diameter, timber on noncommercial and nonforest lands, and plant residues.

Tree size class. Any one of the following tree classes in which the trees are grouped chiefly according to diameter at breast height (4-1/2 feet above the ground), outside bark:

defined by regional practice and which are of the following minimum diameters at breast height: Sawtimber trees. Trees of commercial species that contain at least one merchantable sawlog as

Eastern regions: Softwoods 9.0 inches. Hardwoods 11.0 inches.

Poletimber trees. Trees of commercial species which meet regional specifications of soundness and form, and which are of the following diameters at breast height:

Eastern regions: Softwoods 5.0 to 9.0 inches. Hardwoods 5.0 to 11.0 inches. Seedling and sapling trees. Live trees of commercial species, less than 5.0 inches in diameter at breast height, and of good form and vigor.

Young-growth sawtimber stands. Sawtimber stands in which 50 percent or more of the net board-foot volume is in young-growth sawtimber trees.

